July

Progress Report on Implementation of the 2003 Kings County Housing Element

HOUSING POLICY DEVELOPMENT, HCD

JAN 1 1 2007

Jurisdiction:

Kings County

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Report Period: July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2006

Regional Housing Needs Planning Period: January 1, 2001 to June 30, 2008

This is a progress report on the implementation of the 2003 Kings County Housing Element. The report is provided as an informational item to the Board of Supervisors and to the Planning commission. This report is in response to California Govt. Code Section 65400 (b) (1), "a report must be provided to the legislative body on the status of the Housing Element and progress on its implementation, including the County's progress in meeting its share of regional housing needs."

A. Progress in meeting Regional Housing Needs.

1. Total number of new housing permits issued.

139 New Units between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006.

These permits consisted of 113 New Single Family Residences and 26 New Mobile Home installations.

2. Affordability by income level of New Units, adjusted on annual inflation rate of 3 percent.

Very Low

35 Units

Low

46 Units

Moderate

17 Units

Above Moderate

30 Units

3. Total Units applied to Regional Housing Need Allocation.

The 2001 Kings County Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA) Plan assigned 855 units to the Unincorporated area of Kings County. Of this amount, the following affordability breakdown was determined:

205 Very Low, 171 Low, 137 Moderate, and 342 Above Moderate.

The eligible time period to accommodate this housing need determination is from January 1, 2001 to June 30, 2008. To date, a total of 424 New Units were constructed between January 1, 2001 and June 30, 2006. Listed below is the total new units applied to the 2001 RHNA for Kings County.

New Units	Percentage Attainment	
Very Low	98 Units	47.80 %
Low	116 Units	67.83%
Moderate	118 Units	86.13%
Above Moderate	92 Units	26.90%

B. The effectiveness of the housing element in attainment of the community's housing goals and objectives

- 1. Include a program-by-program status report relative to implementation schedule from each program in the housing element; describe actions taken to implement each program. See Table Below
- 2. Assess effectiveness of actions and outcomes. See Table Below

Program by Program Status Report-Assessment of Effectiveness

No.	Program	1.Actions/Status Report	2.Assessment of Effectiveness
			of Actions and Outcomes
1	Code Enforcement	Code enforcement includes	Code enforcement is an effective
		property maintenance, vehicle	means of improving
		abatement, and building	neighborhoods and addressing
		abatement. The County	code violations. Code
		continues to work with the	Enforcement does address code
		community code violations	violations in the County
		and refer property owners to	unincorporated areas.
		the Housing Rehabilitation	_
		Program.	
2	Housing	In 2005- 2006 Eight homes	The housing rehabilitation
	Rehabilitation	were rehabbed using CDBG,	programs helps preserve homes
	Program	HOME and CalHome funds.	for low income families and the
		This addressed many health	improved home increases the
		and safety issues. The County	property values of the
		also received more grants to	neighborhood.
		continue to fund the rehab	
		programs.	
3	Affordable Housing	In 2005-2006 Kings County	The First Time Homebuyer and
	Assistance	made a HOME Application for	Density Bonus programs help to
		\$800,000 of assistance for the	create homes available to low
		County's First Time Home	income families.
		Buyers Program. The County	
		is currently in the process of	
		updating the County's Density	
		Bonus Ordinance to better	
		assist developers in creating	

No.	Program	1.Actions/Status Report	2. Assessment of Effectiveness of Actions and Outcomes
		affordable housing.	
4	Preservation of At- Risk Affordable Housing	The County continues to monitor the potential units atrisk. Currently none of the housing projects are at-risk for conversion to market rate.	Ongoing monitoring is an effective means of insuring the preservation of low income units.
5	Adequate Sites	The County will maintain appropriate land use designations to provide adequate sites appropriate for new housing to meet Kings County's housing needs allocation.	The County's progressive attitude toward the development of higher density housing has been very effective in meeting the housing goals.
6	Density Bonus Program	The County is currently working on an amendment which will include all of the current state requirements for density bonus.	The County has successfully encouraged developers to use Density bonuses and continues to work with developers so that the modifications which are made to the County Density Bonus Ordinance will continue to work for the Developers to create affordable housing.
7	First Time Homebuyers Program	In 2005 - 2006, 10 loans were approved in the First Time Homebuyers Program. The County will continue marketing this program.	The First Time Homebuyers Program is very effective in making homes affordable.
8	Section 8 Rental Assistance	The County continues to work with Kings County Housing Authority to ensure that as many as possible Section 8 vouchers are used in Kings County.	Section 8 is a vital program for rental housing and is a priority of the County to ensure that as many as possible are available in the community. However, the demand for vouchers far exceed the number available.
9	Foster Youth Transitional Program	The Kings County Housing Authority implements the Foster Youth Transitional Program for Kings County ensuring a safe location for youth to go.	The Kings County Housing Authority continues to successfully help the Foster Youth within Kings County.
10	Emergency and Transitional Shelters	In 2001 the Kings/Tulare Continuum of Care Core Group initiated a Homelessness Plan	Through the Office of Emergency Services the Emergency Service Coordinator

No.	Program	1.Actions/Status Report	2. Assessment of Effectiveness
		that set forth the community' stop priorities for action and identified strategies to make progress on homelessness and better help homeless individuals within both counties. The objective of the 2003 Housing Element Update is to Amend the Zoning code to permit emergency and transitional shelters in theR-1 and R-M zone as required by State Law. As of 2006 the amendment has not been made, however in the time of an officially declared emergency the Emergency Service Coordinator can override the Zoning Ordinance and allow for emergency uses on any property regardless of the Zoning.	is permitted to approve emergency shelters within Kings County at any point when an official emergency has been declared.
11	Mobile Home/Manufactured Housing	Pursuant to State law, all jurisdictions must allow for the development of manufactured housing / mobile homes as a permitted use in all residential zones where single-family homes are permitted. Mobile homes parks are allowed as conditional uses in all multi-family zones.	Currently Kings County allows manufactured housing within any residentially zoned property provided approval of a Site Plan Review for the mobile home.
12	Farmworker and Employee Housing	Kings County administratively permits mobile homes as farm employee housing in the AG-20, AX, AL-10, and AG-40 zones. Although no farm labor camps currently are present in Kings County, the County routinely permits mobile homes used as employee housing and smaller farmworker housing units. The County works with the Housing Authority and non-profit developers to develop rental and ownership housing	The 2003 Update on the Housing Element has in it to amend the Zoning Code to incorporate Section 17021 of the Health and Safety Code, this has not happened, however the County does allow for up to 5 houses on agricultural land for the employees that work on that land. Another objective in the 2003 Housing Element Plan was to develop an inventory of suitable sites for farmworker housing; this is in place under the Kings County Zoning

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No.	Program	1.Actions/Status Report	2.Assessment of Effectiveness of Actions and Outcomes
		for farmworkers.	Ordinances.
13	Housing for Disabled Persons	SB520, effective 2002, requires jurisdictions to analyze and remove potential constraints to housing for persons with disabilities. The County conducted an analysis of its zoning and land use processes, permitting processing procedures, and building codes to identify impediments.	To comply with state and federal laws, Kings County has amended the Zoning Code on May 25, 2006 to permit residential care facilities housing for six or fewer persons by right in residential zones.
14	Promote Equal Housing Opportunities	Since a number of communities within Kings County refer fair housing complaints to different agencies it may be confusing to residents to know the appropriate agency to handle fair housing complaints.	To help address these issues there has been coordination with the cities of Avenal, Corcoran, Hanford, and Lemoore to provide more centralized fair housing services, as this was one of the objectives in the 2003 Kings County Housing Element. One of the main contacts is the Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity (FHEO) who enforce the Fair Housing Act and other civil rights authorities that prohibit discrimination in the sale, rental, or financing of dwellings because of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status (families with children under the age of 18) or handicap (disability).

C. Progress toward mitigating governmental constraints identified in the housing element.

Governmental Constraints

GOV	Governmental Constraints		
No.	Governmental Constraint	Discussion and Progress Toward Mitigating	
		constraint	
1	Land Use	Kings County uses the General Plan Land Use	
		Element to guide residential development. These	

No.	Governmental Constraint	Discussion and Progress Toward Mitigating
INO.	Governmental Constraint	
		constraint policies are implemented through several types of ordinances including the Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance. The land use designations and zoning districts support a variety of housing types ranging from very low density development which generally includes single family homes on large lots to high density development, which includes multi-family development ranging from 14 to 29 units per acre. The County will continue to ensure that there is adequate appropriately zoned areas of the community to accommodate the housing units proposed by the Regional Housing Needs Assessment.
2	Housing Opportunity	The County encourages and facilitates a range in types and prices of housing for all economic and social groups in the community including those with special needs, people with disabilities, people requiring transitional housing or emergency shelter and farmworkers. Kings County has a very active housing rehabilitation program and first time home buyer program. These programs are used by low/moderate income families, many of which are farmworkers. Seniors and the disabled often chose to incorporate some handicapped features in their homes that are being rehabbed. The County has, over the past 12 years, effectively used CDBG, HOME and CalHome programs when it was made available, to improve the housing conditions in the community. The County is now trying to promote and encourage the development of middle income housing for those people who have entry level housing and are now ready to move into a larger home.
3	Development Standards	Kings County Development Standards allow a range of densities based on the zoning district.
4	Development Incentives	State law requires jurisdictions to grant a 25% density bonus and at least one regulatory concession if the project sets aside: (1) 5% of the units for very low-income households; (2) 10% of the units for low-income households; (3) 50% of units for qualifying residents, such as senior residents, or (4) 20% of condominium units for moderate income households. Kings County has the

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No.	Governmental Constraint	Discussion and Progress Toward Mitigating constraint density bonus ordinance in place.
5	Development Review Procedures	Single family residential homes can be built by right in single family residential zones. Multifamily projects of twenty or more units require a conditional use permit. Conditional use permits usually complete the process in 60 to 90 days (if environmental review is required) and standard development improvements are required. A conditional use permit is required because of the impact that a larger multi-family complex can have in a neighborhood. The process is not any more lengthy or onerous than the review time required by other jurisdictions in Kings County. However, staff will continue to monitor the process to ensure that applications are expedited.
6	Building Codes and Site Improvements	The County has not adopted any additional local amendments to the 2001 California Building Code. The County does have new impact fees.
7 Source	Potential Housing Constraint for People with Disabilities Housing Element Pages 6-34 to 6-41	None were identified.

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